

Post Natal Clubs



USAID, Oct 2018

PNC as a response to challenges

- Despite a successful Option B+ HIV implementation in SA, transmission 18 months after birth remains at 4.3%
- In Khayelitsha:
 - MTCT: 0.8% at 10 weeks (2015), unknown at 18m
 - 30% uptake of testing @18months (2015)
 - Poor RIC of mothers post natally (30% lost after 6 months) (Philips et al).



Poor retention in care of mothers due to:

- Long clinic waiting times
- High patient volumes at the ART clinic
- Non-disclosure of HIV status
- Lack of partner involvement
- Travel costs
- Poor access to postnatal services

Phillips T et al. J Int AIDS Soc. 2014.

Clouse K et al. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr. 2014.

Langlois V et al. Bull World Health Organisation. 2015.

- Integrated services benefits known but not implemented well

POSTNATAL CLUBS AIMS

Our aims with the PNC were to improve retention in care and the following health outcomes for the mother-infant pairs (MIP):



HIV viral load suppression



Vaccination coverage

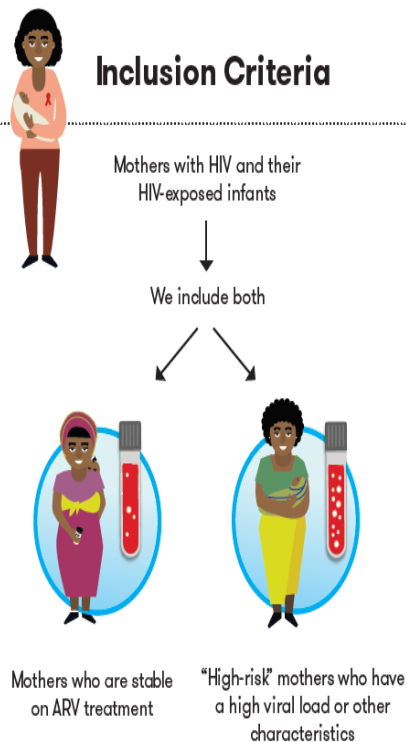


Infant HIV testing uptake

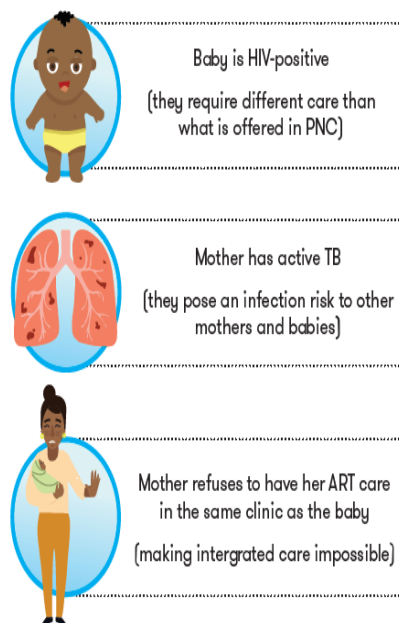


WHO DO WE RECRUIT FOR PNC?

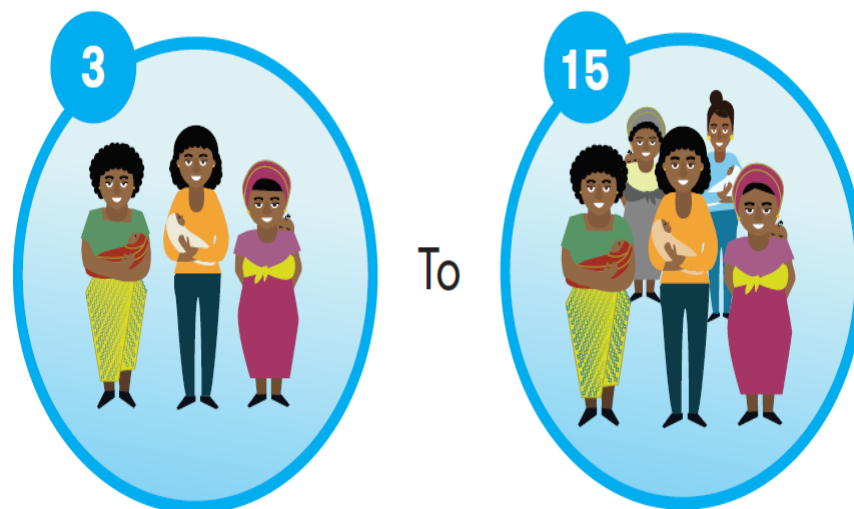
Inclusion Criteria



Exclusion Criteria



POSTNATAL CLUBS INCLUDE

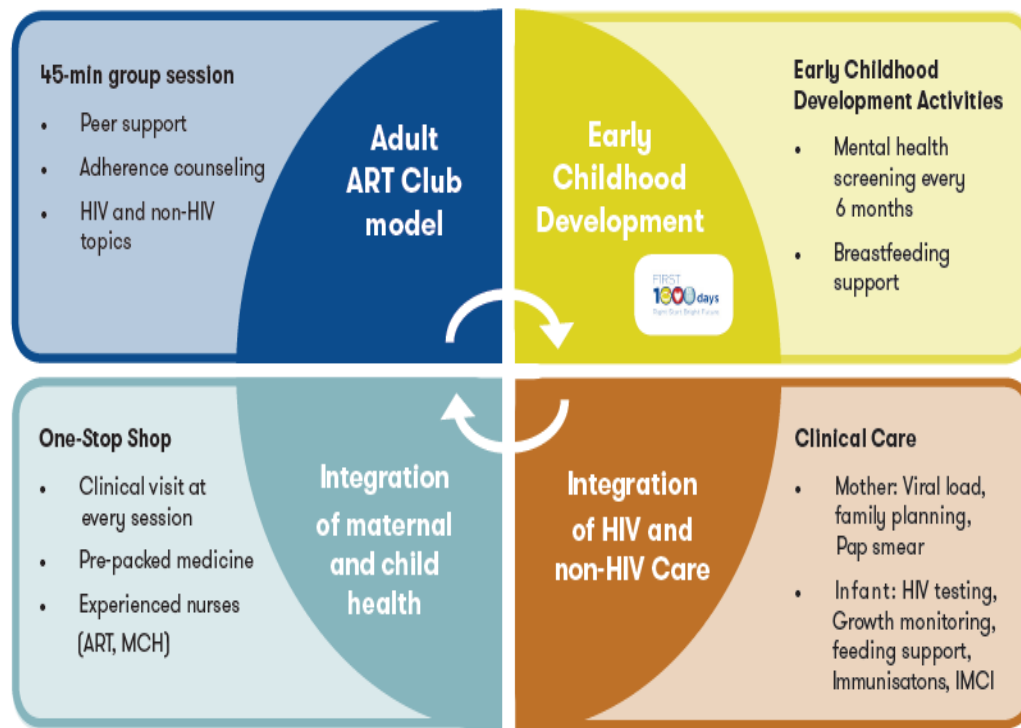


Mother-Infant Pairs

*Experience has been that above 15 pairs, space availability, organization of workload management, efficient peer support and noise levels become difficult to manage.

PNC-Description

Each PNC session features four key components:



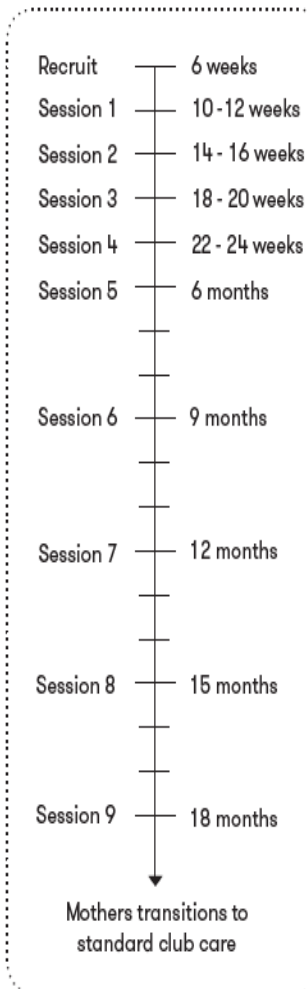
VL= Viral Load

FP= Family Planning

ART= antiretroviral therapy

IMCI = integrated management of childhood illness

PNC timeline



High risk mothers and baby pairs

- Recruited into PNC
 - Main difference from adult ART club
- Monthly review by nurse and m2m
- Monthly home visit
- ROTF done

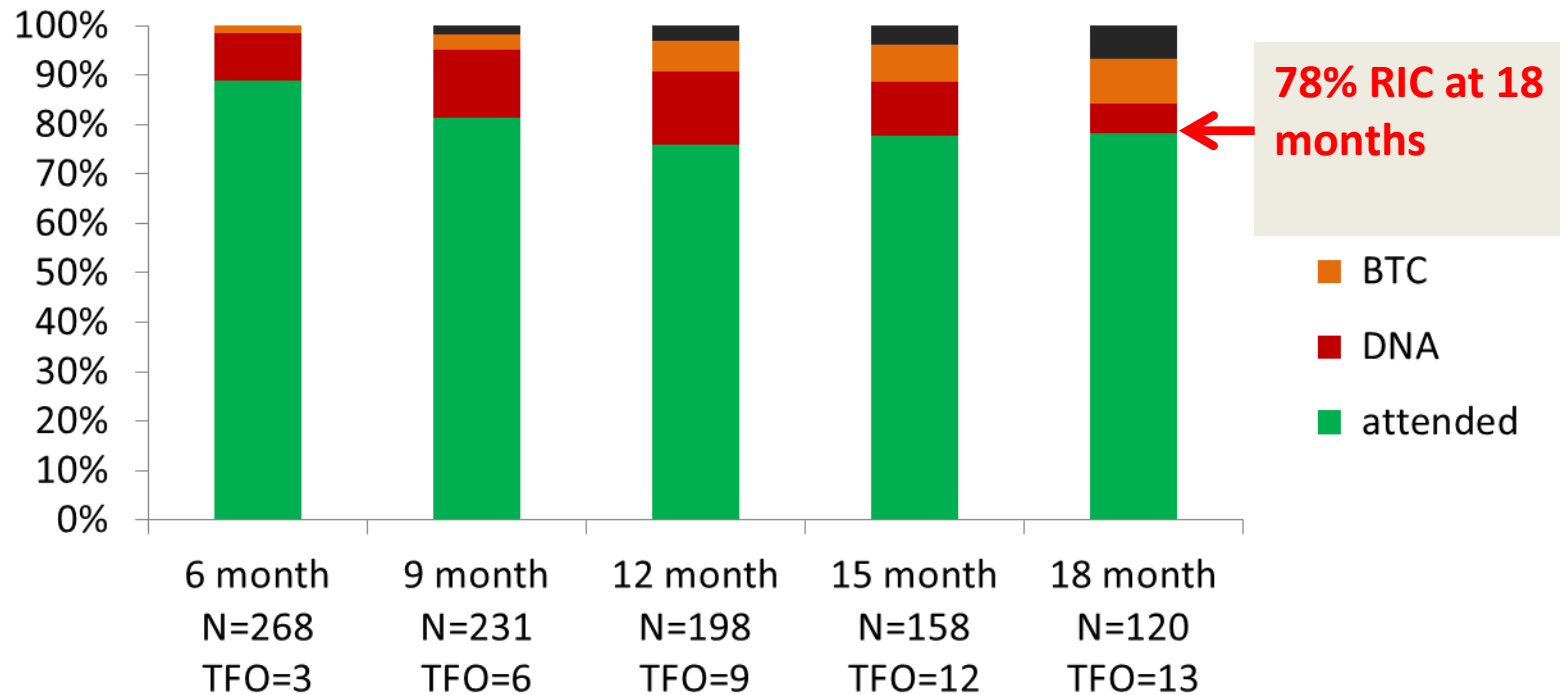


Results

July 2016-June 2018

- 335 mothers recruited (18 high risk) and 340 infants
- 96.2% babies fully immunized by one year.
- 0% vertical transmission so far

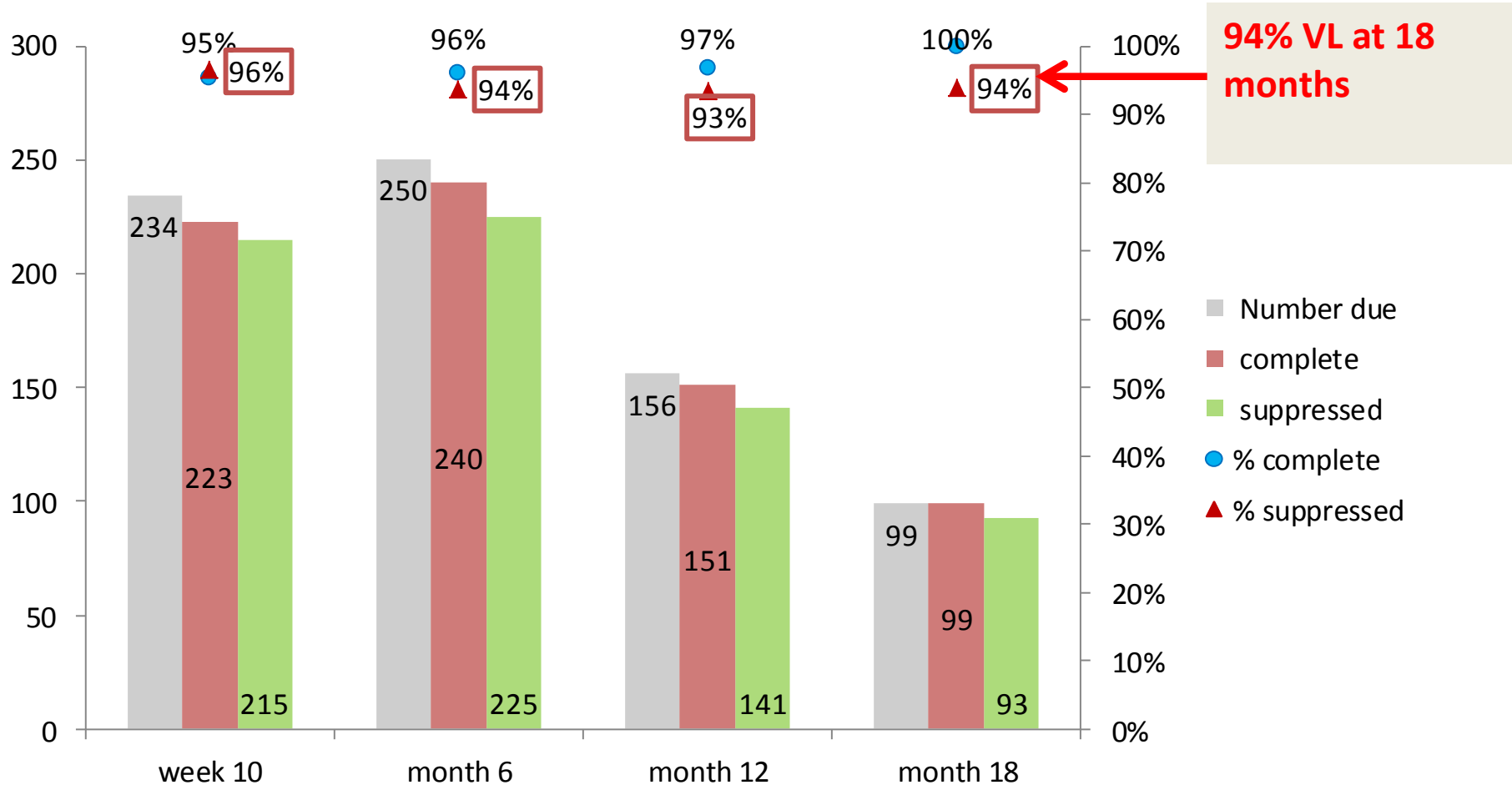
Proportion Attending Each Visit*



*Denominator at each point is those with enough follow-up time to be due for the visit. Only those who joined a club at week 10 are included

In total, 335 mothers and 340 infants (5 sets of twins) recruited into PNC

Postnatal club VL completion and suppression



Uptake of infants' 9 months and 18 months HIV rapid tests (of those attending 9 & 18 months visit)

Visit month	Test uptake/ Total attending visit	Uptake percentage
9 Months	201/204	98.5%
18 Months	93/99	93.9%

Out of a total of 187 confirmed infants' vaccination coverage at 12 months 96.2% were fully immunised.

Qualitative study results on PNC

- Increased knowledge and changes in behaviours on:
 - adherence,
 - follow-up tests for babies,
 - infant feeding,
 - ECD
- Strong relationships between participants
 - Patients supporting each other: Advice, WhatsApp messages , met outside of PNC sessions, Baby garments and babysitting.
- Increased disclosure, and helped patients to cope with stigma
- Main perceived benefits of PNCs:
 - complete care for mother-infant pairs making time spent at the clinic more efficient and decreasing the number of consultations.
 - peer dynamic, including peer facilitation.

*"Now, I know that a baby can hear.
So I must speak to my baby and I
must play with him"*

*"I was educated about the
importance of breastfeeding
a baby"*

*"We learned to
share in the Club.
If one of you
doesn't have, you
provide"*

*"We are taken care
of, with my child at
the same time, and
the care they
portray is excellent"*

*"If you'd used clinic
staff, it would not have
been the same because
clinic staff cannot sit 8
hours doing 10
mothers and infant
pairs there"*

*"They started not knowing each
other, but now they are friends"*

*"They know exactly when the child
is due for their blood test, their
results, their immunizations"*

Challenges and solutions identified

- **AVAILABILITY AND SPACE OF CLUB ROOM**

- Confidentiality issue
- Room used for adult Art clubs as well

=> Sign on the door, schedule done with whole team

- **SCHEDULE AND HR**

- Recruited per two weeks of age
- Some clubs too small and some clubs very big . Difficult to manage HR

=> Recruit per month of birth (at next clinic)

- **TIME ALLOCATION FOR PREPARATION**

- Need to review high risk patients and prescribe for PNC patients. PMTCT register to keep up-to-date

=> Half day to prepare clubs allocated to PNC nurse

- **LENGTH OF THE CLUB**

- Peer support session 30-45 min
- Clinical session perceived as very lengthy with too many services

⇒ Time motion showed that adding time for individual services rendered = one integrated visit.

⇒ Workshop showed that would rather keep all services in one stop shop

Challenges and solutions identified

- **NEED FOR A SKILLED NURSE**

- Need NiMART nurse, competent in child and maternal care

- **MEETING HEADCOUNT TARGETS**

- Lower headcount due to increased number of services per client
=> Changes of targets from headcount to number of services rendered?

- **LENGTHY STATIONERY**

- Many folders to be filled
=> Adult ART club register adapted for PNC
=> Integrated paediatric stationery created

- **“HIGH-RISK” MOTHERS IN CLUBS**

- Make model more cumbersome
=>At workshop, it was decided to keep them in PNC

POSTNATAL CLUBS

A new way to prevent mother-to-child transmission of HIV Postnatal Clubs for mother-infant pairs Online

Online toolkit: bit.ly/PNCtoolkit

Features step-by-step implementation guides & how-to videos from Khayelitsha, South Africa

*** Included in new PMTCT national guidelines**



CITY OF CAPE TOWN
ISIXEKO SASEKAPA
STAD KAAPSTAD



Thanks!

Questions/Discussion

Acknowledgments:

All PNC mothers and infants pairs of Town 2 clinic

Town 2 Clinic staff

City of Cape Town Health

M2M

MSF team

